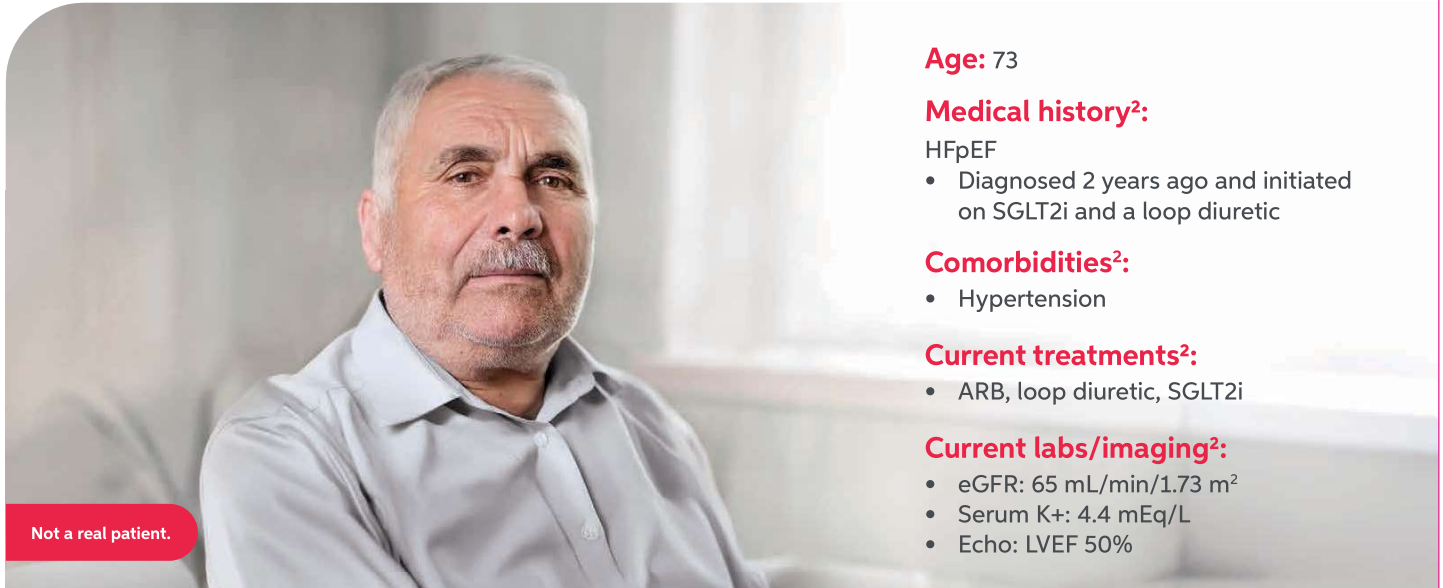


Even with current treatments

## Armand scheduled an urgent visit due to complications caused by his HFpEF diagnosis<sup>1,2</sup>

An increase in loop diuretic dosage is being considered<sup>2,3</sup>



Not a real patient.

**Age:** 73

**Medical history<sup>2</sup>:**

HFpEF

- Diagnosed 2 years ago and initiated on SGLT2i and a loop diuretic

**Comorbidities<sup>2</sup>:**

- Hypertension

**Current treatments<sup>2</sup>:**

- ARB, loop diuretic, SGLT2i

**Current labs/imaging<sup>2</sup>:**

- eGFR: 65 mL/min/1.73 m<sup>2</sup>
- Serum K<sup>+</sup>: 4.4 mEq/L
- Echo: LVEF 50%

**21% of patients with heart failure with left ventricular ejection fraction (HF LVEF)  $\geq$ 40% with symptomatic outpatient HF events escalate to HF hospitalization or CV death<sup>4\*</sup>**



**Start KERENDIA for patients like Armand with HF LVEF  $\geq$ 40% to help lower the risk of HF hospitalization, urgent HF visits, and CV death<sup>5</sup>**

\*Based on patients with HF LVEF  $\geq$ 40% in a pivotal SGLT2i trial whose first presentation manifested as an outpatient oral diuretic intensification over a median of 2.3 years (n=789).<sup>4,6</sup>

ARB=angiotensin receptor blocker; CV=cardiovascular; eGFR=estimated glomerular filtration rate; HF=heart failure; HF LVEF=heart failure with left ventricular ejection fraction; HFpEF=heart failure with preserved ejection fraction; K+=potassium; SGLT2i=sodium-glucose cotransporter 2 inhibitor.

**INDICATION:**

- KERENDIA (finerenone) 10mg, 20mg, 40mg tablets is indicated to reduce the risk of cardiovascular death, hospitalization for heart failure, and urgent heart failure visits in adult patients with heart failure with left ventricular ejection fraction (HF LVEF)  $\geq$ 40%

**IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION**

**CONTRAINDICATIONS:**

- Hypersensitivity to any component of this product
- Concomitant use with strong CYP3A4 inhibitors
- Patients with adrenal insufficiency

Please read additional Important Safety Information throughout and the provided full Prescribing Information.





### 30-day Free Trial Voucher

New patients can start on KERENDIA at **no cost** by using the KERENDIA Free Trial Voucher.\*

New patients are eligible for the (30-day) Free Trial Voucher\* regardless of insurance. To get or activate a KERENDIA Free Trial Voucher\*:

Call **1-888-537-3634** or  
Text VOUCHER to **53736**<sup>†</sup> or  
Visit **www.KERENDIASavings.com**

Simply bring the KERENDIA Free Trial Voucher to the pharmacy—we'll do the rest.

Scan or visit [KERENDIAhcp.com/access/access-resources](http://KERENDIAhcp.com/access/access-resources) to view access resources for your patients



\*Terms and Conditions apply. Call 888-KERENDIA or visit [www.KERENDIASavings.com](http://www.KERENDIASavings.com) for more information.

<sup>†</sup>By texting VOUCHER to 53736 to enroll or activate the card, you agree to receive recurring automated KERENDIA Savings Program messages, which may include savings alerts, refill reminders, and other messages related to your participation in the program. Consent to receiving SMS messages is not a condition of purchase of goods or services. Message and data rates may apply. Message frequency varies. Text STOP to opt out. Text HELP for help. Terms & Conditions and Privacy Policy apply.

### IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION (cont'd)

#### WARNINGS AND PRECAUTIONS:

- **Hyperkalemia:** KERENDIA can cause hyperkalemia. The risk for developing hyperkalemia increases with decreasing kidney function and is greater in patients with higher baseline potassium levels or other risk factors for hyperkalemia. Measure serum potassium and estimated glomerular filtration rate (eGFR) in all patients before initiation of treatment with KERENDIA and dose accordingly. Do not initiate KERENDIA if serum potassium is  $>5$  mEq/L

Measure serum potassium periodically during treatment with KERENDIA and adjust dose accordingly. More frequent monitoring may be necessary for patients at risk for hyperkalemia, including those on concomitant medications that impair potassium excretion or increase serum potassium

- **Worsening of Renal Function in Patients with Heart Failure:** KERENDIA can cause worsening of renal function in patients with heart failure. Rarely, severe events associated with worsening renal function, including events requiring hospitalization, have been observed

Measure eGFR in all patients before initiation of treatment or with dose titration of KERENDIA and dose accordingly. Initiation of KERENDIA in patients with heart failure and an eGFR  $<25$  mL/min/1.73 m<sup>2</sup> is not recommended. Measure eGFR periodically during maintenance treatment with KERENDIA in patients with heart failure. Consider delaying up-titration or interrupting treatment with KERENDIA in patients who develop clinically significant worsening of renal function

#### MOST COMMON ADVERSE REACTIONS:

- From FINEARTS-HF, the adverse reactions reported in  $\geq 1\%$  of patients on KERENDIA and more frequently than placebo were hyperkalemia (9.7% vs 4.2%), hypotension (7.6% vs 4.7%), and hyponatremia (1.9% vs 0.9%). Events related to worsening renal function were reported more frequently in the KERENDIA group (18%) compared with placebo (12%)

#### DRUG INTERACTIONS:

- **Strong CYP3A4 Inhibitors:** Concomitant use of KERENDIA with strong CYP3A4 inhibitors is contraindicated. Avoid concomitant intake of grapefruit or grapefruit juice
- **Moderate and Weak CYP3A4 Inhibitors:** Monitor serum potassium during drug initiation or dosage adjustment of either KERENDIA or the moderate or weak CYP3A4 inhibitor, and adjust KERENDIA dosage as appropriate
- **Strong and Moderate CYP3A4 Inducers:** Avoid concomitant use of KERENDIA with strong or moderate CYP3A4 inducers
- **Sensitive CYP2C8 Substrates at KERENDIA 40mg:** Monitor patients more frequently for adverse reactions caused by sensitive CYP2C8 substrates if KERENDIA 40mg is co-administered with such substrates, since minimal concentration changes may lead to serious adverse reactions

#### USE IN SPECIFIC POPULATIONS:

- **Lactation:** Avoid breastfeeding during treatment with KERENDIA and for 1 day after treatment
- **Hepatic Impairment:** Avoid use of KERENDIA in patients with severe hepatic impairment (Child Pugh C) and consider additional serum potassium monitoring with moderate hepatic impairment (Child Pugh B)

Please read additional Important Safety Information throughout and the provided full Prescribing Information.

References: 1. Cheng RK, et al. *Am Heart J*. 2014;168(5):721-730.e3. doi:10.1016/j.ahj.2014.07.008. 2. Solomon SD, et al. *N Engl J Med*. 2024;391(16):1475-1485. doi:10.1056/NEJMoa2407107. 3. Cunningham JW, et al. *JAMA Cardiol*. 2025;10(4):370-378. doi:10.1001/jamacardio.2025.0016. 4. Chatur S, et al. *Circulation*. 2023;148(22):1735-1745. doi:10.1161/CIRCULATIONAHA.123.066506. 5. Kerendia (finerenone) [prescribing information]. Whippany, NJ: Bayer HealthCare Pharmaceuticals, Inc; July 2025. 6. Solomon SD, et al. *N Engl J Med*. 2022;387(12):1089-1098. doi:10.1056/NEJMoa2206286.



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